Week 1

Why are safety signs compulsory for workplaces in the UK? For workplaces in the UK safety signs are compulsory to comply with the Health and Safety Regulations Act, 1996. They must be displayed in any business, school, building site or public building.
COSHH : care of substances hazardous to health: All substances we use have a data information sheet you can look at to tell you what chemicals are contained in a product and how the product should be used safely. A picture gram symbol may also be shown

P.P.E- this means personal protective equipment. It is vital to have the right protection for the job you are doing to stay safe. The P.P.E required will change depending upon the materials you are using and the processes being used. Some processes give off toxic fumes or dust, some could damage eyes, some are very loud and some are dangerously hot. Personal Protective Equipment should protect the wearer from harm.

Week 2

What are warning safety signs used for?
Warning signs should be used to make people aware of nearby danger.

What does the colour of safety signs mean?

Red safety signs are used as prohibition signage and dangerous behaviour; meaning to stop; or not allowed. These are DO NOT command words and have to be obeyed.

Yellow / Amber signs are warning signs, meaning to be careful, take precautions because something may hurt you.

A COSHH picture gram

Week 3

Blue safety signs mean that a sign is mandatory and that specific behaviour or action should be carried out, such as wearing protective equipment. Mandatory is a MUST DO word. You have to follow the instruction you are given.

Green signs signal an emergency escape or first-aid available. Green safety signs can also be used to label doors, such as exits, escape routes, equipment and facilities.

Week 4

In 2021 142 people were killed at work in accidents and over 800,000 were injured.
The Health and Safety executive (HSE) is there to prevent workplace death, injury or ill health.
HSE try to achieve this by working with employers to help them understand the risks they create and how to manage the risks to keep their employees safe. Any serious accident has to be reported to the HSE and investigated. It may lead to a company being held to account.

Week 5

Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013 **(RIDDOR)**
An accident should be reported which is serious. Not all accidents need to be reported. Companies must keep a record of accidents so they can be investigated and improvements made so they cannot happen again. Staying safe in the workplace, everyone is responsible for health and safety, not just the employer.

Week 6**:** Key words: What do they mean? 1. COSHH 2. PPE 3. HSE 4. HSE 5. RIDDOR